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#### SFP-B1235L-20

# 1.25Gbps SFP Bi-Di Transceiver, 20km Reach TX1310 / RX1550nm

#### **Features**

- Up to 1.25Gbps bi-directional data links
- 1310nm FP laser and PIN photo detector for 20km transmission
- Compliant with SFP MSA and SFF-8472
   with single LC receptacle
- Digital Diagnostic Monitoring: Internal Calibration or External Calibration
- Compatible with SONET
- Compatible with RoHS
- +3.3V single power supply
- Operating case temperature:

Standard: 0 to +70° C

Industrial: -40 to +85° C

# **Applications**

- SDH and SONET system
- Fiber Channel
- Switch to Switch interface
- Switched backplane applications
- Router/Server interface
- Other optical transmission systems





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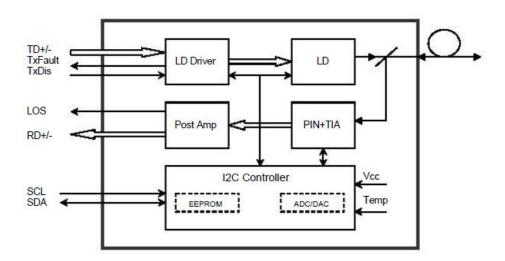
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# **Description**

The SFP transceivers are high performance, cost effective modules supporting 1.25Gbps and 20km transmission distance with SMF.

The transceiver consists of three sections: a FP laser transmitter, a PIN photodiode integrated with a trans-impedance preamplifier (TIA) and MCU control unit. All modules satisfy class I laser safety requirements.

The transceivers are compatible with SFP Multi-Source Agreement (MSA). For further information, please refer to SFP MSA.



# **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
Supply Voltage	Vcc	0	4	V
Storage Temperature	Ts	-40	+85	°C
Operating Humidity	-	5	85	%

#### **Recommended Operating Conditions**

Parameter		Symbol	Min	Typical	Max	Unit
On anti- a Cons Towns anti-	Standard	- Tc	0		+70	°C
Operating Case Temperature	Industrial		-40		+85	°C
Power Supply Voltage		Vcc	3.13	3.3	3.47	V
Power Supply Current		Icc			300	mA
Data Rate				1.25		Gbps



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# **Optical and Electrical Characteristics**

Parameter		Symbol	Min	Typical	Max	Unit	Notes
	Transmitter						
Centre V	Vavelength	λς	1290	1310	1330	nm	
Spectral V	Vidth (RMS)	Δλ			1	nm	
Average C	Output Power	Pout	-9		-3	dBm	1
Extinct	tion Ratio	ER	8			dB	
Optical Rise/Fal	I Time (20%~80%)	tr/tf			0.16	ns	
Data Input Sv	wing Differential	V <sub>IN</sub>	400		1800	mV	2
Input Differer	ntial Impedance	Z <sub>IN</sub>	90	100	110	Ω	
TV Disable	Disable		2.0		Vcc	V	
TX Disable	Enable		0		0.8	V	
TV 5 . #	Fault		2.0		Vcc	V	
TX Fault	Normal		0		0.8	V	
			Receive	er			
Centre Wavelength		λς	1530	1550	1570	nm	
Receiver	Receiver Sensitivity				-23	dBm	3
Receiver Overload			-3			dBm	3
LOS De-Assert		LOS <sub>D</sub>			-24	dBm	
LOS Assert		LOSA	-35			dBm	
LOS Hysteresis			1		4	dB	
Data Output Swing Differential		Vout	700		900	mV	4
1			2.0		Vcc	V	
_	.OS	Low			0.8	V	

#### Notes:

- 1. The optical power is launched into SMF.
- 2. PECL input, internally AC-coupled and terminated.
- 3. Measured with a PRBS  $2^7$ -1 test pattern @1250Mbps, BER  $\leq 1 \times 10^{-12}$ .
- 4. Internally AC-coupled.



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# **Timing and Electrical**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typical	Max	Unit
Tx Disable Negate Time	t_on			1	ms
Tx Disable Assert Time	t_off			10	μs
Time To Initialize, including Reset of Tx Fault	t_init			300	ms
Tx Fault Assert Time	t_fault			100	μs
Tx Disable To Reset	t_reset	10			μs
LOS Assert Time	t_loss_on			100	μѕ
LOS De-assert Time	t_loss_off			100	μѕ
Serial ID Clock Rate	f_serial_clock			400	KHz
MOD_DEF (0:2)-High	V <sub>H</sub>	2		Vcc	V
MOD_DEF (0:2)-Low	VL			0.8	V

# **Diagnostics**

Parameter	Range	Unit	Accuracy	Calibration	
Tomporaturo	0 to +70	°C	±3°C	Internal / External	
Temperature	-40 to +85			internai / Externai	
Voltage	3.0 to 3.6	V	±3%	Internal / External	
Bias Current	0 to 100	mA	±10%	Internal / External	
TX Power	-9 to -3	dBm	±3dB	Internal / External	
RX Power	-4 to -23	dBm	±3dB	Internal / External	



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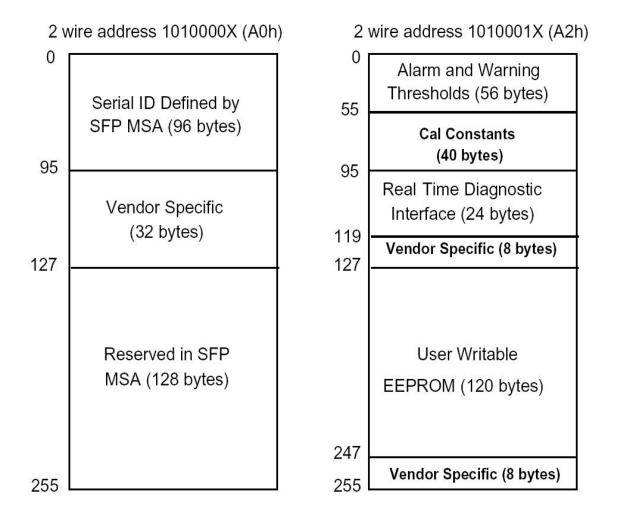
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#### **Digital Diagnostic Memory Map**

The transceivers provide serial ID memory contents and diagnostic information about the present operating conditions by the 2-wire serial interface (SCL, SDA).

The diagnostic information with internal calibration or external calibration all are implemented, including received power monitoring, transmitted power monitoring, bias current monitoring, supply voltage monitoring and temperature monitoring.

The digital diagnostic memory map specific data field defines as following.





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# **Pin Definitions**

Pin Diagram

	~ 	
20	VeeT	1 VeeT
19	TD-	2 TxFault
18	TD+	3 Tx Disable
17	VeeT	4 MOD-DEF(2)
16	VccT	5 MOD-DEF(1)
15	VccR	6 MOD-DEF(0)
14	VeeR	7 Rate Select
13	RD+	8 LOS
12	RD-	9 VeeR
11	VeeR	10 VeeR
	Top of Board	Bottom of Board (as viewed thru top of board)



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#### **Pin Descriptions**

Pin	Signal Name	Description	Plug Seq.	Notes
1	V <sub>EET</sub>	Transmitter Ground	1	
2	TX FAULT	Transmitter Fault Indication	3	Note 1
3	TX DISABLE	Transmitter Disable	3	Note 2
4	MOD_DEF(2)	SDA Serial Data Signal	3	Note 3
5	MOD_DEF(1)	SCL Serial Clock Signal	3	Note 3
6	MOD_DEF(0)	TTL Low	3	Note 3
7	Rate Select	Not Connected	3	
8	LOS	Loss of Signal	3	Note 4
9	V <sub>EER</sub>	Receiver ground	1	
10	V <sub>EER</sub>	Receiver ground	1	
11	V <sub>EER</sub>	Receiver ground	1	
12	RD-	Inv. Received Data Out	3	Note 5
13	RD+	Received Data Out	3	Note 5
14	V <sub>EER</sub>	Receiver ground	1	
15	V <sub>CCR</sub>	Receiver Power Supply	2	
16	V <sub>CCT</sub>	Transmitter Power Supply	2	
17	V <sub>EET</sub>	Transmitter Ground	1	
18	TD+	Transmit Data In	3	Note 6
19	TD-	Inv. Transmit Data In	3	Note 6
20	V <sub>EET</sub>	Transmitter Ground	1	

#### Notes:

Plug Seq.: Pin engagement sequence during hot plugging.

- 1) TX Fault is an open collector output, which should be pulled up with a  $4.7k\sim10k\Omega$  resistor on the host board to a voltage between 2.0V and Vcc+0.3V. Logic 0 indicates normal operation; Logic 1 indicates a laser fault of some kind. In the low state, the output will be pulled to less than 0.8V.
- 2) TX Disable is an input that is used to shut down the transmitter optical output. It is pulled up within the module with a  $4.7k\sim10k\Omega$  resistor. Its states are:

Low (0 to 0.8V): Transmitter on (>0.8V, < 2.0V): Undefined

High (2.0 to 3.465V): Transmitter Disabled Open: Transmitter Disabled

- 3) Mod-Def 0,1,2. These are the module definition pins. They should be pulled up with a  $4.7k\sim10k\Omega$  resistor on the host board. The pull-up voltage shall be VccT or VccR.
  - Mod-Def 0 is grounded by the module to indicate that the module is present
  - Mod-Def 1 is the clock line of two wire serial interface for serial ID
  - Mod-Def 2 is the data line of two wire serial interface for serial ID
- 4) LOS is an open collector output, which should be pulled up with a 4.7k~10kΩ resistor. Pull up voltage

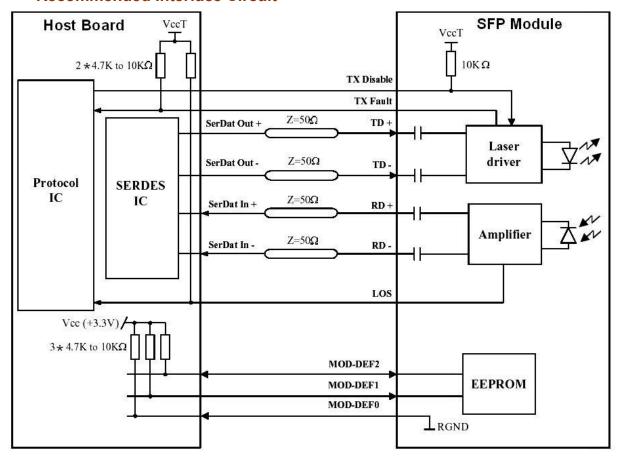


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- between 2.0V and Vcc+0.3V. Logic 1 indicates loss of signal; Logic 0 indicates normal operation. In the low state, the output will be pulled to less than 0.8V.
- 5) RD-/+: These are the differential receiver outputs. They are internally AC-coupled 100 differential lines which should be terminated with  $100\Omega$  (differential) at the user SERDES.
- 6) TD-/+: These are the differential transmitter inputs. They are internally AC-coupled, differential lines with  $100\Omega$  differential termination inside the module.

#### **Recommended Interface Circuit**

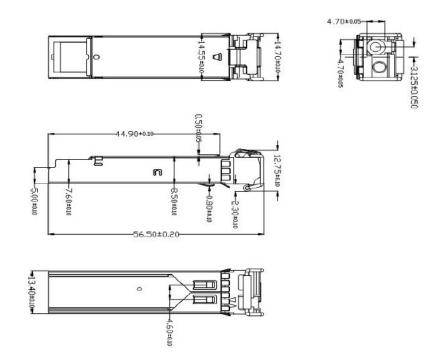




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# **Mechanical Dimensions**



# **Ordering information**

Model No.	Product Description
SFP-B1235L-20	1.25Gbps,TX1310nm/RX1550nm,LC,20km,0° C ~ +70° C, with DDM
SFP-B1235L-20I	1.25Gbps,TX1310nm/RX1550nm,LC,20km,-40°C ~ +85°C, with DDM